



The 100,000 Genomes Project

Cancer of Unknown Primary

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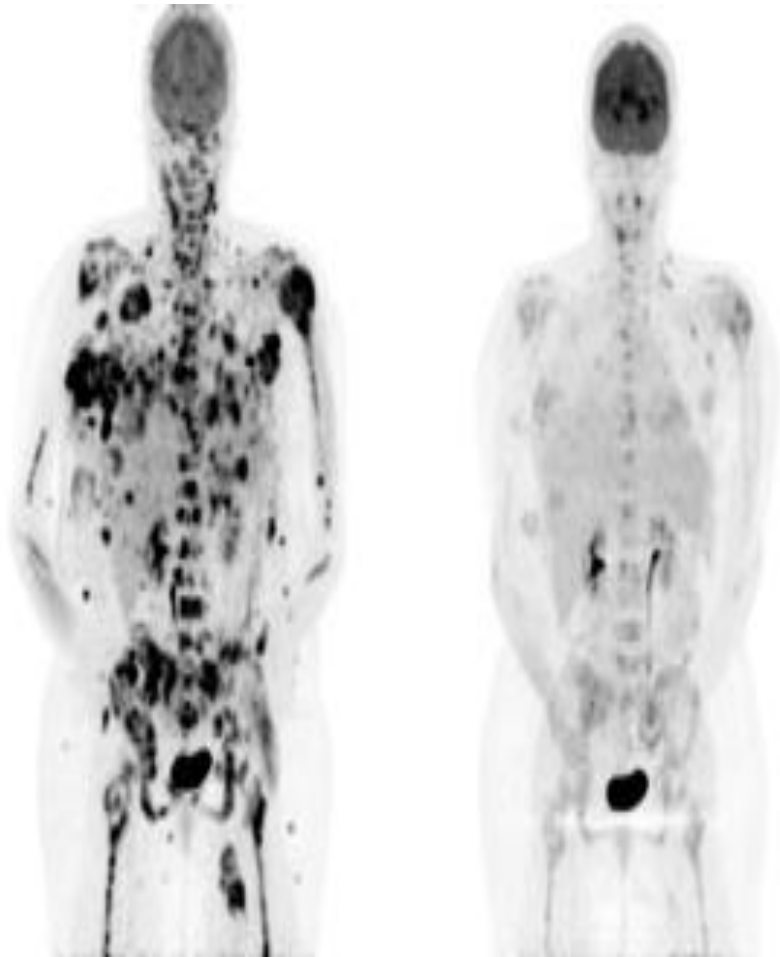
Genomics England

- 100,000 whole genome sequences in NHS patients with rare inherited disease, cancers and pathogens from the NHS in England
- Whole Genome Sequencing
- Generate health and wealth
- Legacy of infrastructure, human capacity and capability

Cancer

- Disease of disordered genomes – over 200 drivers known
- Drugs targets, Tumour heterogeneity, evolution of cancer, Stratified medicine
- Lung, breast, colon, prostate, ovary and, Leukaemia and
- Sarcoma and Renal
- Rare and Childhood Cancers, unknown primary
- Sequential biopsy of recurrent cancer
- Stratified medicine- Focus 4
- Optimise Molecular Pathology
- WGS at 75x somatic and 30x germline
- International Cancer Genomes Consortium- the Cancer Genome Atlas

BRAF inhibitors for Melanoma



Cancer – current plans

Tumour type	Allocation
Breast Cancer	2,000
Colorectal Cancer	2,000
Ovarian cancer	2,000
Lung Cancer	2,000
Prostate Cancer	2,000
Childhood solid	500
Renal	750
Sarcoma	500
Unknown Primary	250
Reserve	10,500

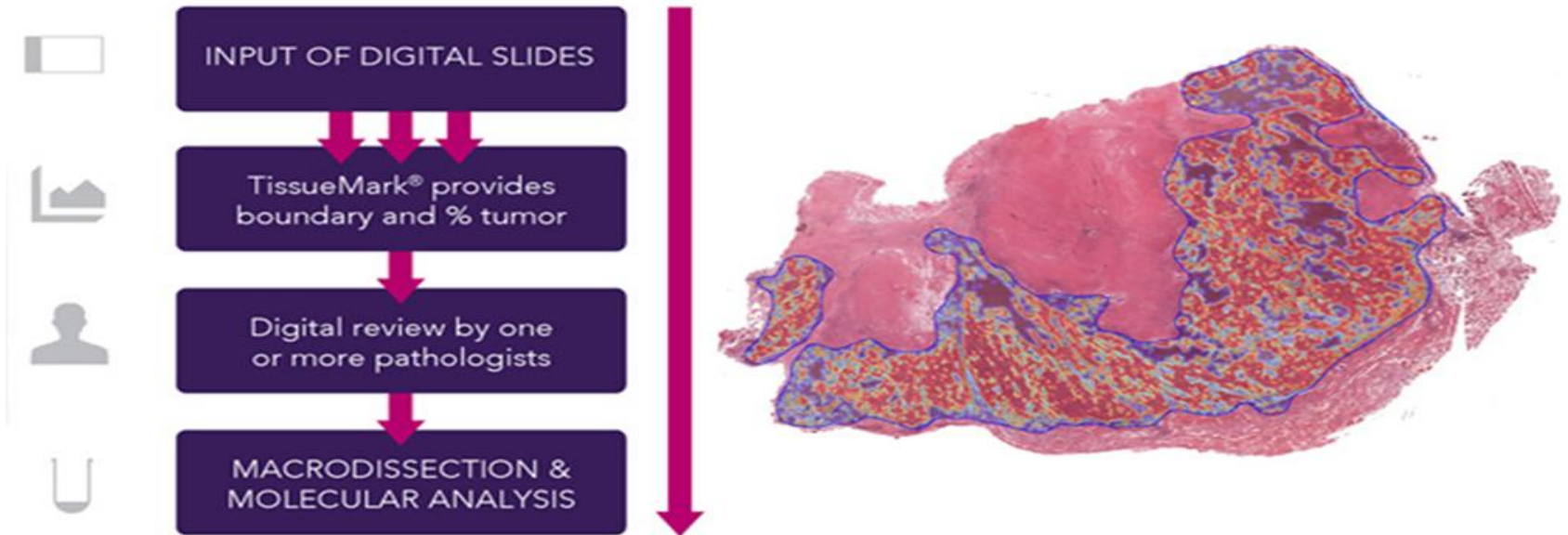
100,000 Genomes current thinking

- 50,000 genomes on cancer
- 25,000 Tumour- Normal Pairs

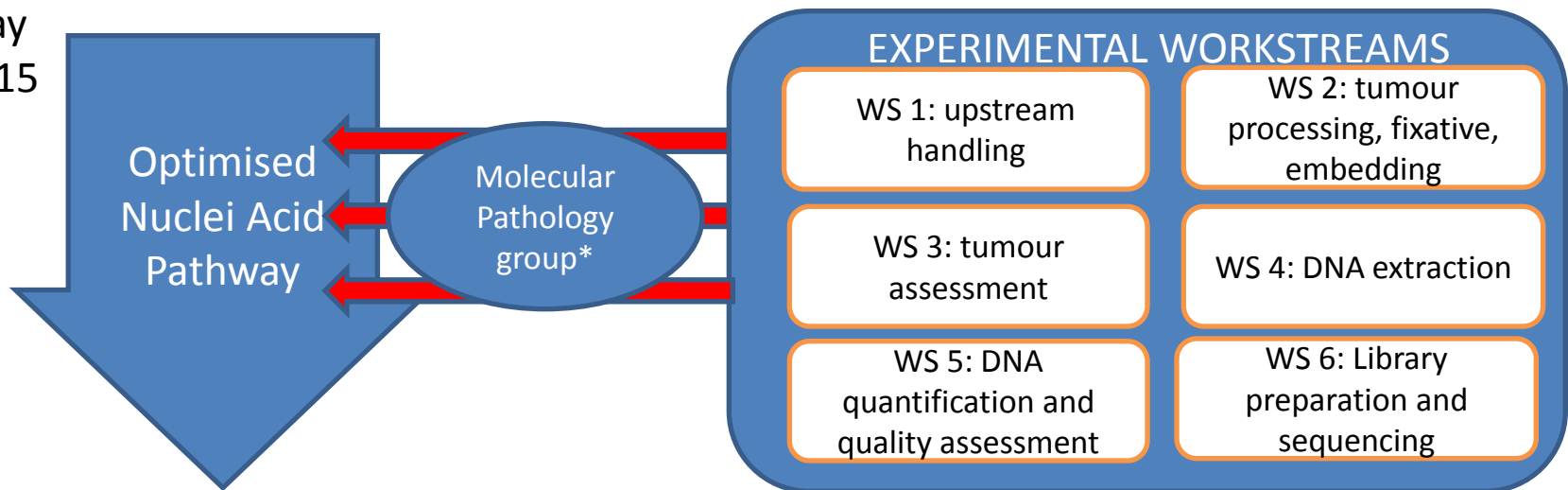
Clinical Interpretation Partnership roles

- Help set scientific priorities
- Focus on global-leading cancer programme
- Get additional WGS
- Stratified healthcare/ CFCT DNA
- Sequential and multiple biopsy
- Stimulate and support GMCs to enrol
- Organise yourselves to do research to drive up clinical interpretation

Cancer Programme- piloting molecular pathology



May
2015



September
2015

)Molecular pathology leads: Schuh, Verrill, Henderson, Flanagan, Gonzalez del Castro, Thomas

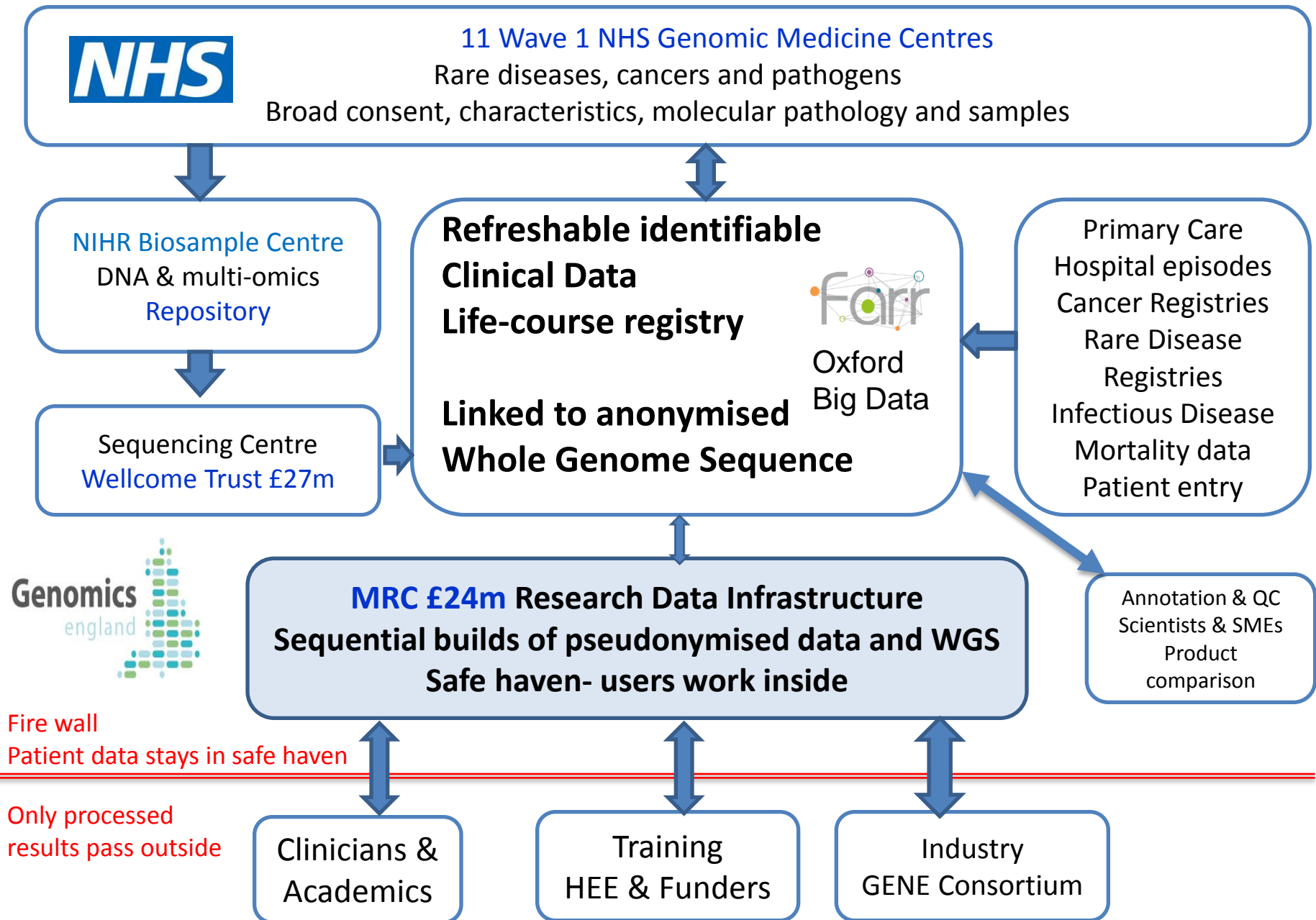
Implementing the programme



Ethics

- Ethics Advisory Group- Mike Parker
- Working toward an NHS Genomic Medicine Consent
- Genomics England
- Life Course Refreshable Dataset
- Return of findings
- Release of data to third parties – academics, clinicians and industry
- Recall for research

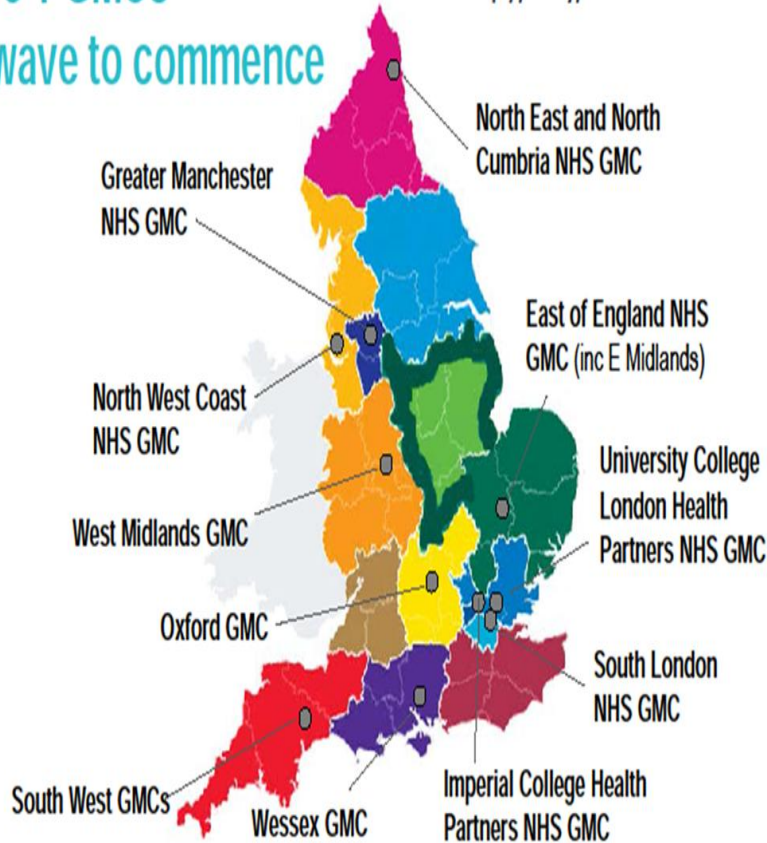
Genomics England – The main programme



11 NHS Genomic Medicine Centres
Awarded 20th December 2014

Wave 1 GMCs
2nd wave to commence

<http://bit.ly/GMCcwv1>



NHS GMCs working in partnership with academia, patients and industry through the AHSNs. Regional Genetics Labs and Clinical Genetics Services central to all GMCs

Contracted NHS GMC Lead Organisation working with Local Delivery Partners across the geographical footprint

Biosample centre March 2015



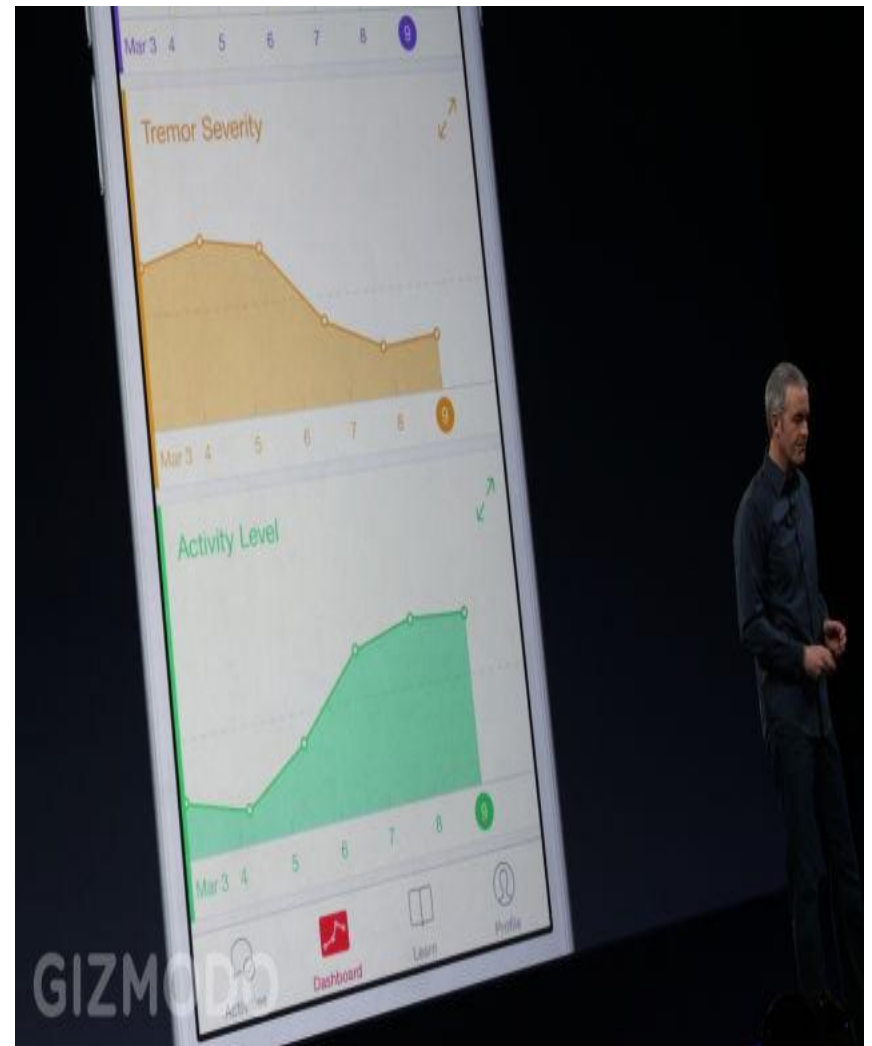
Sequencing centre 31/8/2015



MRC funded Data Centre November 2014



Apple ResearchKit



Opportunity for clinical trials inside the 100,000 Genomes Project

- Novel drug targets
- Combine sequence and Clinical Trials
- Test novel molecules for rare disease and Cancer
- Stratified Healthcare
- Enhanced patient enrolment
- Identify the right genotype and predictive biomarkers
- Identify important genetic predictors of adverse effects
- Adaptive designs

Why do we need a Clinical Interpretation Partnership?

The standard way

The GeCIP way

Start

2014

Genomics Research

Form hypothesis
Get funds and form collaboration
Collect, analyse data and validate results

The 100,000 Genomes Project

hypothesis – WGS will enhance diagnosis
Coalition of NHS, academics and trainees
Work together on WGS within GeCIP domains

Publication, dissemination, translation

Publish and disseminate results
Attempt to translate into healthcare

Enhanced interpretation linked to implementation

Validate, publish, educate and translate
The GeCIP Collaborative accelerates Implementation
Evaluate therapeutic innovation potential

Healthcare adoption and implementation

NHS and NICE evaluation and Guidelines
Education and implementation programme

Earlier Healthcare adoption and implementation

Accelerated diagnosis and health economic evaluation
Framework for therapeutic innovation

17 yrs

?3 yrs

Securing Patient Benefit

Final list of GeCIP restructured Domains

Rare Disease	Cancer	Functional
Cardiovascular	Breast	Electronic Records
Endocrine and Metabolism	Colorectal	Validation and Feedback
Gastroenterology and Hepatology	Lung	Ethics and Social Science
Hearing and Sight	Ovarian	Functional Effects
Immunology and Haematology	Prostate	Health Economics
Inherited Cancer Predisposition	Childhood Solid Cancers	Machine Learning, Quantitative Methods and Functional Genomics
Musculoskeletal	Haematological Malignancy	Population Genomics
Neurological	Pan Cancer	Translational Research
Paediatric Sepsis		Functional Cross Cutting
Paediatrics	Renal	
Renal	Sarcoma	Stratified healthcare
Respiratory		
skin		

GENE Consortium

- 12 pharma/diagnostics/SMEs
 - Precompetitive consortia
 - Work together on 5000 WGS
 - To shape data centre
 - Larger consortia
 - Individual company interactions
- AbbVie
 - Alexion Pharmaceuticals
 - AstraZeneca
 - Biogen
 - Dimension Therapeutics
 - GSK
 - Helomics
 - Roche
 - Takeda
 - UCB*
 - Berg
 - Boehringer Ingelheim

International Partnership

- Global Alliance for Genomic Health
- Veterans Administration
 - Large cohort (1M), contract let for 5000 WGS
- US Integrated Healthcare Systems
 - Scripps – Welllderly Study sequenced 2000 volunteers to study lifestyle
 - Inova Health – aims to provide worlds largest WGS database, 1500 completed thus far
- Clinical Research programmes
 - Oxford 500 WGS, DDD (Sanger) up to 12,000 children (mainly exomes)
 - International Cancer Genome Consortium
 - Seattle – 100K WGS –Lee Hood
 - Garvan Institute
 - Genome Canada/British Columbia
 - UPenn - Prenatal
 - St Jude and the Moffit Cancer Centres
 - Middle Eastern programmes in Saudi, Abu Dhabi and Quatar
 - Chan Shoon-Shiong Foundation
 - Personal Genome Project – aims for 100k, all open data

Genomics England- the future

- 100,000 WGS on NHS patients and pathogens
- WGS deployed routinely- also in other diseases
- Harnessing electronic health records
- Patient reported outcomes and more remote monitoring
- New diagnostics and therapies and opportunities for patients
- By end of 2017



Public Health
England



National Institute for Health Research



CANCER
RESEARCH
UK

Genomics England – who are we?

- **Officers:** Sir John Chisholm (Executive Chair)
- Mark Caulfield (Chief Scientist), Nick Maltby (Company Secretary), Jim Davies (Informatics), Viv Parry (Outreach), Graham Colbert (COO)
- **Board:** Prof Dame Sally Davies (CMO), Kevin Dean (Cisco), Prof Sir John Bell, Jon Symonds (Audit), Prof Sir Malcom Grant (NHSE)
- **Advisory Committees:**
- Science: Sir John Bell, IT: Kevin Dean and Ethics: Mike Parker

Team members

- **Science-** Tom Fowler, Jeanna Mahon-Pearson, Laura Riley, Nora Wong, Andrew Devereaux, Suzanne Wood, Ellen Thomas, Mina Ryten, Clare Turnbull.
- **Informatics** - Jim Davies, Tim Hubbard, Augusto Rendon, Matthew Parker, Katherine Smith, Ellie McDonagh, David Brown

Thanks

Cambridge, UCLH, GOSH, Moorfields, Newcastle, Manchester, Guys and St Thomas's, Oxford, Liverpool, Sheffield, Leeds, Birmingham, Royal Marsden, Southampton, UK CLL Consortium, CRUK, RCPATH, NHSE, DoH, Biobank UK, Sanger, EBI, KCL, UCL and QMUL